

A square column of space equivalent to ten lines. Single rates, or about equivalent five words.

	100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000
First insertion.....	1.00	1.75	2.50	3.25	4.00	4.75	5.50	6.25	7.00	7.75
Second.....	.75	1.25	1.75	2.25	2.75	3.25	3.75	4.25	4.75	5.25
Third.....	.50	.75	1.00	1.25	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.50	2.75
Fourth.....	.375	.50	.625	.75	.875	1.00	1.125	1.25	1.375	1.50
Five months.....	.25	.375	.50	.625	.75	.875	1.00	1.125	1.25	1.375
Six months.....	.20	.30	.40	.50	.60	.70	.80	.90	1.00	1.10
One year.....	.15	.225	.30	.375	.45	.525	.60	.675	.75	.825

HOW I WAS VICTIMIZED.

I don't mention the name of the firm with which I was some years ago connected, but let it suffice that my name was well known in the jewelry trade. I was with them some twelve or fourteen years, and it was during that period that the incident I am about to relate occurred.

I was seated one day busily examining some stones which were to be reset, when the principal came softly in.

"Look these up, Willis," he said, "and go attend to those parties in the front show-room. Thomas is with them, and I don't half like their looks."

I hurried into the show-room to relieve Mr. Thomas of his task, and proceeded to listen to the demands of a tall lady and gentleman in black, both of whom were respirators and spoke in low husky voices.

The gentleman looked very pale, sickly, and the lady very closely veiled as to the upper part of her face; but upon my approach she threw up her veil, and displayed the bright blue eyes of a very handsome woman.

"Well, Lilla, what's it to be?" said the gentleman.

"I thought you had decided, love," was the reply. "Something simple, and not too expensive now, whatever you may decide upon hereafter. Why not keep to what you said—a bracelet or a cross?"

I proceeded to open case after case of bracelets of all prices, not that they were fastidious and fastidious, but I was bound to confess that the lady's taste was excellent, and that the gentleman was no mean confidant in gems.

"I rather like that," said the gentleman at last, selecting a very pretty but slight bracelet, set with a sapphire and surrounded by pearls. "What is the price?"

"That is sixty guineas," said the lady.

"Yes, it's pretty enough," said the lady; "but not sufficiently good."

"You mean not valuable enough," said the gentleman, "but you know the old proverb about the gem, whatever you may decide upon hereafter. Why not keep to what you said—a bracelet or a cross?"

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VOLUME LI.

MAYSVILLE, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1869.

NUMBER 22

The Fair Mendicant.

THE FAIR MENDICANT. BY MARY TEMPLETON.

Paul Ventnor was the curate of Bladestown with wisdom in his head, but with tenderness in his heart, and with a heart that was as true as steel.

One day morning, he was coming round the porter's lodge of Foley Hall, he heard a sweet plaintive voice saying:

"For the love of God help me! I am starving."

He raised his head, quite startled out of his equanimity. On the steps sat a young woman. Her cheeks were tear-stained, and her head was bowed down.

"Where are you going?" he asked.

"I am going to the workhouse," she said.

"What is your name?" he asked.

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Lord Byron had enough to answer for at the bar of God and in the judgment of his fellow men without being charged with crimes of which there is no evidence of his guilt. He had snatched a burning brand from Hell and set the mortal world on fire by his writings, which, with cynicism, infidelity, and mockings at the Deity, besides containing a diseased and morbid sentimentality which has done incalculable harm. What was certainly known to be true of him in his private life was enough to convince the most charitable that he was not lovable in his domestic relations, and very, very far from possessing the rare modesty and ancient virtues of a JOSEPH. It is true that his liberalism was known to his wife before their marriage, and some of his friends assume that this knowledge precluded her from separating from him on account of his subsequent licentiousness. But however true this may be, it does not excuse his subsequent want of chastity in young and unmarried men may be regarded by the more indulgent, as a part of the errors of a common and fallen human nature, infidelities on the part of one who has at the altar assumed the responsibilities and obligations of matrimony ought not so easily to be forgiven. In the poet's undeniable infirmity of temper, to which his fondest friends bear witness—in his indisputable licentiousness, which he cared not to abate or conceal during the brief interval of married life; in his attacks upon morality and religion, there was surely justification sufficient for Lady Byron's leaving him, and especially for withdrawing her yet pure and infant daughter from under the shadow of his influence. Her conduct needed no other vindication than the well known circumstances which Byron himself never denied, though he deemed them insufficient to justify the course she pursued. It was not necessary, therefore, for Lady Byron to assign any special reasons for her conduct. Having departed this vale of tears with lips sealed at least to the public, still less was it necessary to her vindication, years after her death and many years after Byron, driven from England by a universal outcry of indignation at the faults which had forced his wife, after one short year of wedded life, to separate from him, had made us wish to forget his errors in the heroism with which his life went out at Missolonghi—it was certainly unnecessary after the lapse of so many years of silence to assail the dead poet by a charge of incest with his sister, the Lady AUGUSTA LEIGH.

There is no evidence beyond Mrs. Stowe's word that Lady Byron ever intimated or related to her any such improbable statement as the former has given to the public through the columns of the *Atlantic Monthly*. And, to say the least, it is somewhat remarkable that Lady Byron should have passed by all her own kindred and countrywomen, kept silent for so many years, and at last have selected as her chosen confidant a foreigner, a professional literary woman, whom she knew only as the author of a sensational novel slandering many of her own countrymen. But admitting that Lady Byron really made to Mrs. Stowe this horrible statement, how did she make it? in what language? what was her own evidence of its truth? had she secular demonstration? or written testimony? or the confession of either of the parties? Before giving credence to so improbable a story the public will demand to know the circumstances detailed by Lady Byron as those which made her acquainted with the fell secret. There will be a desire for the proof which convinced Lady Byron, in order that the impartial and unprejudiced may weigh it, sift it, compare it with known facts, and determine for themselves whether it is worthy of belief. Until there is some evidence of the truth of this sensational narrative, it must be received merely as the coinage of an author's pen in proportion to the common-sense of a creation may well produce, or as a figure of the suspicious imagination of a wife who had only too good reason to be jealous, and whose morbid fancy, half crazed, at last drove her to doubt the honesty of the only pure love Byron ever knew—that for his sister, the Lady AUGUSTA LEIGH. Mrs. Stowe does not seem to give us any evidence other than the dialogue between ADAM and LUCIFER, in BYRON'S CAIN, in which the former revolts at the prediction of the latter that the love she bore to her brother CAIN would come to be regarded as sinful in her children, and this the author's parades as Byron's defense of his own abominable alleged crime. And yet had he been guilty, and suffering a remorse which embittered his whole after existence, as Mrs. Stowe insinuates, he would naturally have loathed all allusion to such a subject, studiously avoided it and have fled from it, instead of drawing attention and suspicion to himself by treating of it and defending it, through ADAM, as not sinful *per se*, and therefore impossible to be made sinful by mere prohibition. But as Mrs. Stowe adduces no other evidence than this, which would seem to confute rather than confirm her own statement, it is more than probable that Lady Byron herself had nothing more than this upon which to rest the charge Mrs. Stowe places in her lips and which we believe and choose to treat as an atrocious calumny.

This latest is not an impossible offense we have unfortunately too frequent evidence. But it is one at which the lowest and vilest natures recoil and shudder, and one at which the refined and delicate and sensitive spirit of BYRON, raked as he was, would have shrunk more affrighted than at Hell itself. That the petted darling of so many frail beauties could have regarded with easy eyes the elderly and plain woman who stood to him in the relation of a half-sister, or that he could have inflicted so cruel or base an injury on the one being who nursed his infancy and consoled with tenderness and affection his boyhood, when a coarse and passionate mother had driven him disgusted from her, is impossible to believe without the most irretrievable evidence; and of evidence of any kind there is not a scintilla. Mrs. Stowe alleges that this nauseous story which she now first relates to the public is current in England. And yet among the GEORGE W. REYNOLDS and others who delight to cater to a vicious and diseased morbid appetite by dwelling puerily upon such disgusting details, not one could ever be found to give it publicity. This was reserved for an American woman and a BRECHER. We are not sure but that

this very calumny will turn public opinion in favor of Lord Byron. What agonies of perdition must he not have suffered, tied in wedlock to a woman whose mad jealousy made her suspect him of this thing? The meanness and the cowardice of this publication is intensified by the fact that Lady BYRON, her gifted husband and the Lady AUGUSTA LEIGH, whose pure name is unsullied save by a BRECHER's tradition, all now slumber with the dead, and no one is now living who can certainly and absolutely confute this most cruel slander.

A correspondent of the New York *Sun* has been interviewing HON. GEO. H. PENDLETON, and found that gentleman more communicative than he was on a similar occasion more than a year ago. Mr. PENDLETON did not expect the nomination by the Democratic Central Committee, but having been gratified frequently by the party in every nomination he had ever asked at its hands, when nominated against his own wishes he had no option but to accept, which he did in full view of all the consequences. Mr. PENDLETON is hopeful, anticipating success. He approves Mr. BOUTWELL's course so far as the mere purchase of the bonds is concerned, but objects to the contraction of the currency and the payment for the bonds of more than their par value. He adheres to his policy of paying off the debt in greenbacks, but never desired or advocated the issue of three hundred millions in greenbacks. He proposes to obtain the greenbacks with which to purchase the bonds in the first place by retrenchment and reform, and in the second place by the issue of greenbacks until the volume of the currency shall stand the same as when the debt was created. In this way the debt could be paid in a reasonable time without any undue expansion of the currency. He is opposed to repudiation, and merely proposes to redeem the pledges of the government according to the law that makes the principal of the Five-Twenty bonds payable in lawful money, which he understands to mean greenbacks. He advocates a tariff for revenue purposes sufficient to defray the expense of an economical administration of the Government, and such a tariff he thinks would be vastly lower in its rates than the one now in force, and which operates in favor of the East and to the prejudice of the West.

Mr. PENDLETON denies being a reactionist or opposed to reasonable progress. In 1835 he had urged the Southern States to admit negro testimony in the State Courts, but had never advised the Southern people on the contrary they should adopt in relation to the question of reconstruction, believing them amply competent to decide for themselves what is best for them to do under all the circumstances. He sincerely rejoices in the success of those whom he calls Conservatives in Virginia and Tennessee, and wants ANDREW JOHNSON sent to the Senate from the latter State, and thinks it would be an act of retributive justice to give him a chance to attack his opponents and traducers in that body. He had opposed negro suffrage in the State of Ohio, but only opposed negro suffrage in other States on general principles—wanted every State to decide for itself, without coercion of any kind. On this ground he is against the ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment, and thinks the people of Ohio are equally so. Did not like to say much about GRANT'S appointments, because when he could not speak respectfully of the President of the United States he preferred to remain silent, and then he proceeded to designate GRANT'S conduct in appointing men to public places whose only qualifications were that they were his relatives or had given him valuable presents, as infamous. Never believed GRANT had a policy of his own, nor that he was fit for the Presidency. Mr. PENDLETON regards HAMILTON FISKE as a very able and cautious man, and would not himself have acted differently on the subject of the Alabama claims had he been Secretary of State. But he does not think sufficient protection has been given American citizens in England and Cuba. He sympathizes with the insurgents in the latter island in their effort to achieve national independence.

We were certain there was no fight in that carpet-bagger General ABBOTT, who blundered so in his difficulty with little SPEAR. His whole conduct in that affair, especially his reported conversations with men whom he knew to have sought interviews for the purpose of publishing whatever he might say, stamped him as a poor, miserable swaggerer, without even courage enough to fight when cornered. He tried to ape the mistaken chivalry of Southern hot heads, but the sheep showed plainly from the skin of the wolf. But the matter is no longer left open to doubt or discussion. The question of his courage is closed and the decision must be adverse to him. A despatch from Wilmington, North Carolina, under date of August 17th, says:

For a week past a personal difficulty has been pending between Major Engelhard, editor of the *Journal*, and the late United States Senator, which grew out of an editorial in the *Post* of the 8th instant, in which the editors of the *Journal* were denounced as public liars, on account of the alleged injury done to Mr. Abbott in the reports of his speeches.

No collision or correspondence having occurred in the meantime, on Tuesday evening Abbott addressed a note to Engelhard in which he stated that he, (Abbott), and not the editor of the *Post*, was the author of the offensive article, and that he was personally responsible for the same. On Wednesday and Thursday there were unmistakable evidences that Engelhard would attack Abbott on sight, but the vigilance of the authorities prevented. On Thursday Abbott was arrested and placed under bonds to keep the peace.

Engelhard succeeded in getting Abbott Saturday morning at 10 o'clock when he was surprised at his private house by the sheriff and his posse, and placed under bonds. On Sunday morning Engelhard, with three friends, proceeded to South Carolina and addressed a communication to Abbott, of which the following is an extract: "You must now make full retraction of the contents of that article and an apology for publishing it, or give me the satisfaction to which I am entitled in accordance with the code of honor." On Monday Abbott, through some friends, replied in a communication, of which the following is an extract: "By authority of General Abbott, and in his name, we retract in full the article in the *Post* of the 8th instant, reflecting on Major Engelhard, and express our regret that it was written and published. The article was accepted by friends acting for Engelhard, in a written communication, in which they stated that in nothing that had appeared in the *Journal* was any assault on the private character of General Abbott intended, and expressing their regret that it had been so construed."

GENERAL CANBY AND THE VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE—WHY GEN. GRANT IS SILENT.

The WALKER anti radical party of Virginia, in the late election in that State, secured a large majority of the members to both houses of the Legislature, whereby this party have been counting upon two United States Senators. It appears however, that after deducting the WALKER members of the Legislature who cannot take the iron-clad oath of loyalty the WELLS radicals will have a majority in both branches. It further appears that General CANBY, military commander of Virginia as the First Southern Military District, in the exercise of his judgment has determined to enforce the iron-clad oath, and that where the Legislative member elect cannot meet this oath the Commanding General intends to recognize his loyal competitor (radical) as duly elected. Under this process two radical United States Senators will be secured.

Now, comparing this course of General CANBY in Virginia with his policy in South Carolina, it would appear that save for the goose to not save for the gander. Naturally enough, says the New York *Herald*, the Virginia WALKER party are more incensed against General CANBY. We understand that they have applied to General GRANT to reverse this military ruling of the district commander, but so far the President has declined to interfere. But if he should interfere and order the recognition of all the WALKER members of the Legislature, what would follow? The election of two WALKER liberals to the national Senate. But what then? The national Senate (Radical), which is the final judge of the elections and qualifications of its own members, falling back upon the iron-clad oath, would doubtless reject these two WALKER Senators; and here, we infer, is the reason why General GRANT declines to interfere with General CANBY. It means that General GRANT has cut the WALKER new school republicans and intends to stick to the regular republican camp, and that on this line he is moving for the succession, with the game so far in his hands.

THE CROPS.

The Cincinnati *Commercial*, of Thursday, contains reports from the crops in the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana. In Pennsylvania the wheat crop is better than it has been for eight years. The breadth of land sown was about the average, but the yield per acre large, and the quality never better. Complaint was made of the wet weather during harvest, but no material damage was done. Of barley and oats the crop will be above an average, and the quality of both will be good. The grasses of all kinds were badly injured, and the yield will be of an inferior quality. Corn will be scarce. Fruit has done well with the exception of apples, which are small in size, imperfect, and have fallen off in large numbers. Potatoes and vegetables of all sorts have done well, the crop of potatoes bidding fair to be the largest ever grown in the State.

In Ohio the breadth of land put down in wheat was from one fourth to a third greater than last year. The yield per acre averages at least one-third more, and the quality generally is number one. The wet weather made the ground so soft that machinery could not be used in cutting, but men with cradles secured the crop in good order. Of oats and barley there are good crops, much heavier than last year. In the high land corn does tolerably well, but in the bottoms it is choked with grass and weeds. It will produce hardly half a crop, and in some localities is almost a complete failure. Clover and all grasses injured by the rains. Potatoes very fine, but indications of rot appearing. Apples a failure, but other fruits better than for years.

From Indiana the reports are not quite so favorable, still the wheat is a larger crop than usual and of fair quality; the oats and barley have done well; grasses in some localities very heavy and in others a failure. Corn short; potatoes doubtful, and fruit crop indifferent.

CRESSWELL, GRANT'S Postmaster General, who so fiercely demands that no persons elected in the Southern States shall take office without first taking the iron-clad oath, couldn't take it himself except by committing perjury. After the commencement of the war he was one of the first to raise recruits in Maryland for the Southern Confederacy.

PRETENSES AND PRETENSES.

Our venerated fathers, who drew up, in 1789, the Magna Charta of our liberties, had an idea that perhaps some of our Presidents were as worthy as the rulers of Europe, and is now to some extent—more or less influenced by gifts or presents sent them from abroad. They never dreamed that any President could be elected to that high office who should be above all petty considerations, such as those that move our present Chief Magistrate. Hence a provision was inserted in the Constitution forbidding that officers from receiving any gifts or presents, and the power, unless with the sanction of Congress. Mr. Jefferson was the first President whom it was proposed to honor in this way. The Bay of Tunis sent him some fine horses, but he refused to accept them. A Democrat refused even to let the matter be brought up in Congress. The horses were sold and the money placed in the

China, Glass and Queensware
R. ALBERT
NO CHEAP
But the Cheapest house all Over
Tremendous Reduction of Prices!

R. ALBERT'S
CHINA PALACE

CHINA, GLASS, QUEENWARE,
LOOKING GLASSES,
SILVER, SILVER PLATED AND BRITANNIA
WARE, COAL OIL LAMPS AND
CHANDLERS, TEA-TRAYS
AND WAITERS, JAPAN
NEO TOILET SETS,

TABLE CUTLERY,
In Ivory, Silver-plated, Bone, India Rubber and
Wood Handles. A very large and beautiful assortment
at the lowest net cash

FLOWER VASES,
COLOGNESETS!

FANCY GOODS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

SOLID SILVER,
SILVER-PLATED

Britannia Ware!
In the city, at old time GOLD PRICES.

NO HUMBUG!
To Country Merchants,
BRING IN YOUR CHEAPEST CINCINNATI,
PORTSMOUTH, LEXINGTON
OR OTHER BILLS, AND HAVE THEM
Discounted on Better Terms.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED
TO BE EQUAL TO SAMPLES
AND AS REPRESENTED.

Or will be taken back at my expense forward and
back. Try it and save your money. **R. ALBERT,**
No. 35, Second street North side

R. ALBERT
35 EAST SECOND STREET.

20,000 YARDS OF

CARPETS

MATTINGS

OIL CLOTHS

At Lowest New York Prices!
BEAUTIFUL INGRAINED AND HEMPS, at
35, 40, 45, and 50 cents.
Beautiful Ingrained, large and bright patterns, at
40, 70, and 75 cents.
All Wool, 2-ply, from 1.00 to 1.50
Elegant Erin Stripes, 60 and 75 cents.
3-ply, American and Best English Brussels; all
qualities, \$1.50 to \$2.00.

White, Check, Fancy and Genuine Paisley
MATTINGS.

OIL CLOTHS, from 10 inches to 18 feet wide.
Brussels and Velvet Back and front.
Olive Matting, for Churches, Stores and offices;
Beautiful English and French Felt Carpets and
Druggists, the latest goods in American market,
very cheap.

TABLE AND PIANO COVERS.
BEDSPREADS,
TOWELS AND NAPKINS,
Window Curtains, Gilt Cornices
CURTAIN PINS AND HOLDERS, ETC.

2,000

WINDOW SHADES!
Of all sizes and colors, including all the latest
Fresco styles, at from 25c. up to \$1.00 a pair.

Also, a large lot of NEW YORK
AUCTION GOODS!
At Wholesale and Retail.

AT AUCTION PRICES!
Carpets & Oil Cloths,
Of all kinds, at Wholesale and Retail, Cut
Marbled and Plain Oil Cloth.
Call and examine my very large and beautiful
stock. **R. ALBERT'S China Palace.**

WALL PAPER!
20,000 Pieces of

American, English and French WALL PAPERS &
BURBENS, including the very latest and most
beautiful patterns, at from 10c. to 25c. per Roll, at
R. ALBERT'S CHINA PALACE.

PIANOS! PIANOS!
STEINWAY & SONS,
CHAS. M. STEINWAY
and other makes of Pianos, at a

Reduction of \$25 to \$100
Off Cincinnati prices.
With written Guarantee for 10 years.

R. ALBERT
CHINA PALACE.
January SECOND STREET.

Grocery and Commission Merchants
NEW FIRM.

HAMILTON GRAY & Co.,
(SUCCESSORS TO E. GRAY.)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
FANCY GROCERIES,
FRUIT, VEGETABLES,
SACCHARINE

Liquors, Wines, Brandies, &c.,

Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies,
CORN

Corner Second and Station Streets,
MAYSVILLE, KY.

We are now receiving from
New York and other eastern
ports the following supply of
fresh family groceries, pur-
chased at the lowest net cash

prices, and now offer
them to merchants and
consumers at Cin-
cinnati quotations:

New Orleans
and Island sugars,
crushed, pulverized, Rio,
Java and Laguayra coffees,
mackerel in barrels, half bar-
rels and kits, Cane sugar, sum-
mer, fine cut wine tobacco, sum-
mer, opal and star candies, German
and also soap, cinnamon, cloves, lemon
and nutmeg, imported cigars, oysters and
lobsters, sardines, washboard, native and foreign
wines, apple, French and pale brandies, rum, Scotch
ale, catnip, cloves, smoking tobacco, &c., which
we will sell low for cash, or in exchange for all
kinds of country produce.

Our orders and goods shall be filled in the same
manner, with reference to quality and quantity, as
if the parties purchasing were personally present.
We respectfully solicit the orders of the trade gen-
erally, promising satisfaction in all cases.
Special July 17

DISOLUTION OF PARTNER-
SHIP.
The partnership heretofore existing between P.
B. VANDEN and Lewis Vandenberg, as P. B. VAN-
DEN & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual con-
sent. P. B. Vanden retiring from the firm.

P. B. VANDEN
LEWIS VANDENB.

Lewis Vandenberg & Co.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
LIQUOR DEALERS,
Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANTS.

Corner of Second and Market streets.
MAYSVILLE, KY.

NEW
Wholesale Liquor Store,
THOS. A. ROSS,
OFFICE, No. 11, Second Street,
(With J. E. Nicholson & Co., Cigar Store.)

ON HAND
WHISKIES, BRANDIES, WINES, &c., &c.,
COVE OYSTERS, SARDINES,
ALMONDS, FILBERTS,
CANDIES, &c.

I am anxious to do an active business and will
sell at
"SMALLER PROFITS"
THAN ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY.

GIVE ME A CALL,
BEFORE PURCHASING!

Terms Cash!
Collector.

SOMETHING NEW
BUT NOT STRANGE!
Oyster Saloons

GEORGE ARTHUR,
No. 31, Second St.

I have opened my new oyster saloons this season
for OYSTERS, where ladies and gentlemen can sit
all hours have them served in any style. They can
also get good cold beer or coffee and butter,
&c. Oysters for sale by the can or half can, at
lowest market rates. **GEORGE ARTHUR.**

CHRISTMAS IS COMING!
I have an unusually large and well selected as-
sortment of TOYS, designed expressly for the
Christmas trade.
My stock of
is good and nice. **CANDIES** **GEORGE ARTHUR.**

FIRE! FIRE! FIREWORKS!
I have just received from New York a large and
well assorted lot of fireworks for
CHRISTMAS,
some entirely new kinds, never before offered in
this place.
A good stock of the best
FIRE CRACKERS
all low for CASH **GEORGE ARTHUR,**
Mayville, Dec. 8, 1896. July 17

Dry Goods.
GEORGE COX & SON,
GEORGE COX, DEALERS IN DRY GOODS

FANCY AND STAPLE
DRY GOODS,
Carpeting, Oilcloths, Mattings

Housekeeping Goods Generally,
FOR FANCY JOB PRINTING,
CALL AT THE EAGLE OFFICE

Safety Fire Jacket.
IN SECURING MYSELF,
I THEREBY SECURE MY NEIGHBOR

FROM
ACCIDENTAL LOSSES,
AND BELIEVE MY MIND AT ONCE

From the Fearful Dread of Fire!

Which is the certain, and positive result, sooner or
later from a defective flue. All smoke and fire flues
are in a measure defective, and especially so when
piping for stoves comes in close proximity to wood.
They are dangerous and unreliable, either with or
without Crooks, as the numerous fires occurring
whenever they are used as a means of safety apply prove.
The Crooks, which are used to connect the flues, be-
coming the effect of the change of temperature from
heat to cold, causing them to warp, thereby render-
ing them insecure when you suppose you have the
greatest safety. The great majority of the con-
struction in this country originate from some de-
fect in the flue when pipes are used as conductors
of heat and smoke, and it will continue to be so un-
til the Crooks are dispensed with and something
more reliable and durable is substituted. This de-
vice is not uncertainty, it is one reason and security
made available when it is desired, by

J. E. HARRIS'
PATENT
FIRE PROOF JACKET!

Which has been examined, proved, and highly
and recently recommended.

DEMONSTRATION, Bracken Co., Ky.,
September 10th, 1896.

We, the Committee, appointed to examine and re-
port upon the great security given to property and
life, by the introduction of **J. E. HARRIS' FIRE**
PROOF JACKET, would respectfully and earnestly
recommend it to the consideration of the Direc-
tory of the Mason and Bracken Agricultural Asso-
ciation, as eminently deserving their approval, by
an appropriate premium.

Premium Awarded.
Having obtained of the United States letters pat-
ent for a Safety Jacket, which is warranted to resist
the most intense heat that may be applied to it in
the position and purpose for which it is intended.
It is a protection from smoke and fire, and is
navigating from defective flues, or where iron pipes
are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is ap-
plicable to all piping that may become overheated,
and is warranted to give satisfaction where wood or
other combustible material may be placed in close
proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my in-
vention to stores, factories, churches, ships, steam-
boats, railroad cars, &c., wherever pipes, as con-
ductors, are used and dangerous by being overheated,
and security desired. I will sell, on application,
rights to manufacture or to use the above invention;
also, territorial rights to use the same, with the en-
gauge in selling privileges, either by State or county.
Orders solicited and security warranted. Apply,
giving the fire pipes used in the flue, to
J. E. HARRIS,
Cincinnati, Ky.

State and County Rights for Sale.
June 2

Miscellaneous
MAGNIFICENT
ENTERPRISE.

Authorized by Act of the Kentucky Leg-
islature, 1867.

The Best Scheme Ever Offered to the
Public Fully Authorized
by Law!

SEVEN splendid Ohio River Bottom Farms, over
Eight Hundred Acres of which are cleared and un-
der cultivation, and have been rented the present
year for \$2 per acre, money rent.
(Good bonds for the rent have been taken, and
will be assigned to those desiring said Farms;
which will be \$1,200 in cash to each 100 acres.)

Also—
504 Town Lots in Henderson County, Ky.
MAKING 50 PRIZES IN ALL.
VALUED AT \$314,000.

CAPITAL PRIZE, --- \$150,000.
Smallest Prize --- \$50 00
The drawing will take place at Masonic Temple,
in Louisville, Ky., on the 1st day of September,
1897.

Tickets, Five Dollars Each.
For pamphlets giving description of property, con-
taining Act of Legislature and certificates of lead-
ing gentlemen of this and other States, apply to
either of the following Agents:

R. H. KYNNE, Farmers' Bank Henderson, Ky.
R. B. ALEXANDER, Commercial Bank Paducah, Ky.
JOHN C. LATHAM, Pres. Bank Hopkinsville,
Hopkinsville, Ky.
J. L. BAILLIE, Commercial Bank Paducah, Ky.
W. B. THOMAS, Lexington, Ky.
W. B. TYLER, Owensboro, Ky.

HOW TO GET TICKETS.
Remit by draft, Postoffice money order, registered
letter, or (in sums of fifty dollars and upwards,
by express, to either of the above Agents.

RAILROAD!!
Tickets for Maysville.

PROPERTY OWNERS in Maysville and vicinity,
in Mason and adjoining counties, are informed
that I am in constant correspondence with MANU-
FACTURERS, TRADESMEN, and other desir-
ing of settling in Maysville and vicinity. Our pro-
spective railroad facilities, Maysville a de-
sirable point for manufacturers of all kinds.
Thirty unimproved lots in Maysville, the im-
proved market consequent upon our growing prop-
erty makes Northern and Eastern Kentucky the
very paradise of the farmer.

NOW IS A GOOD TIME TO PLACE
REAL ESTATE
IN THE MARKET.

Persons desiring to sell, rent, or exchange prop-
erty will do well by calling upon
GEORGE R. GILL,
Real Estate Agent,
Maysville, Ky.

Insurance
SOUTHERN MUTUAL
LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF KENTUCKY.

OFFICE—Merchants' Bank Building, Main st.,
between Fifth and Sixth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Accumulated Capital --- \$407,282 86

President, J. LAWRENCE SMITH
Vice-President, J. H. LINDENBERGER
Secretary, J. H. LINDENBERGER
Treasurer, JOHN E. SMITH

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
J. Lawrence Smith, J. H. Lindenberger,
W. F. Barrett, John E. Smith,
Geo. C. Hunter, Geo. W. Morris,
Thos. L. Barrett, Geo. W. Norton,
L. E. Hunter.

MEDICAL BOARD.
D. W. Yandall, M. D., W. H. Galt, M. D.,
W. B. Caldwell, M. D., R. C. Hewitt, M. D.,
Lewis Rogers, M. D., J. W. Ford, M. D.,
A. M. Clark, M. D., Examining Physician, May-
ville, Ky.

S. T. WILSON,
General Agent, address, Louisville, Ky.
THROCKMORTON FARM,
Agent, Maysville, Ky.

Hotels.
MERCHANTS' HOTEL,
(Formerly Denton House.)
Fifth street, near Main
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

FRANK C. ROSS, Late of Kentucky. **J. M. TAYLOR**
Late of Kentucky.

PROPRIETORS.
Having just purchased the lease of the above well-
known Hotel, we are now refitting, painting, re-fur-
nishing and settling the House in first-class
order, and can assure our friends and the public
that we will hereafter give every accommodation and con-
sideration to our guests. We respectfully solicit
the continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore
given.
HORD & TAYLOR, Proprietors.
April 28th 1897

Fruit Jars.
PATENT
FRUIT JAR.

(SEEK SEALING.)
—disposable to customers—
ALL GLASS—KLINE'S PATENT, 1893.

The Most Effective in the Market.

All Glass. Tested and Pronounced Perfect.

No Wax Required. No Metal About It.

SOLD BY
G. W. Blatterman & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS AGENTS,
AND DEALERS IN
FRUIT AND PRESERVE JARS!

FLASKS OF VARIOUS KINDS,
Corner of Second and Court Streets,
MAYSVILLE, KY.

Liberal Discount to the Trade
June 16th

Coal Merchants &c.
ATTENTION!
Reduced Shipping Rates.

CHEAP COAL
The undersigned notify shippers of coals that
they have greatly reduced the price of,

SHIPPING TOBACCO
AND OTHER
PRODUCE.

and are prepared to ship at lower rates than any
other house in Maysville. Shippers are requested
to call and see us.

STORAGE AT THE
MOST REASONABLE RATES.
WE HAVE ALSO REDUCED THE
PRICE OF COAL!
which we will sell at 10 cents in the yard or at 11
cents delivered in the city. Parties desiring to
make shipments or to purchase coal, will find it to
their advantage to deal with
POQUE, DUKE & CO.
approxwaw

COME TO STAY!
Thompson & Piles

HAVE OPENED A NEW
COAL YARD
at the lower grade, where they will keep constantly
on hand a large amount of

Bituminous Coal.
Orders left at C. L. STANTON'S Book store will
receive prompt attention.
OFFICE No. 2, West Second street.
approxwaw

Carriages.
STYLISH EQUIPAGES!
CARRIAGES,
SUPERIOR IN STYLE AND FINISH
AND AT LOWEST RATES,
REPAIRING DONE PROMPTLY ON LOWEST
TERMS!
ALLEN & BURROUGHS,
Second st., between Sutton and Wall,
MAYSVILLE, KY.
Jan twaw

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY!
Having purchased Mr. Allen's interest in the
stock and material of the Carriage Manufactory of
BIERBOWER & ALLEN,
I will continue the business at the
OLD STAND,
Where I am prepared to manufacture to order, and
for sale, all kinds of Carriages and Buggies.
REPAIRING PROMPTLY DONE.
And at Reasonable Prices.
R. C. BIERBOWER
Maysville, Ky.
Jan 1 twaw

Conventual.
ROSEMONT ACADEMY.

ONE MILE AND A QUARTER
FROM THE CENTRAL PART OF MAYSVILLE
& Pleasant and Healthful Walk from the City.

BEAUTIFUL IN LOCATION,
WITH CAPACIOUS GROUNDS, DIVERSIFIED
WITH GROVES AND LAWNS, IT AF-
FORDS TO THE STUDENT GREAT
ADVANTAGES FOR HEALTH,
RECREATION & STUDY.

The next session will commence on the FIRST
MONTHLY IN SEPTEMBER.

TUITION:
Per session (40 weeks) \$ 50
Board and Tuition (40 weeks) 250
HALF PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.
Towels and lights furnished by pupil.
July twaw

MAYSVILLE
SEMINARY.
The next session of the MAYSVILLE SEMI-
NARY will commence on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER
6th, 1897.
TERMS—Tuition, per annum \$50
Board per week 10
For further particulars apply to
July twaw

HOCKER
FEMALE COLLEGE,
LEXINGTON, KY.

The first session of this College will begin on
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 20th, 1897.

Day and Boarding Pupils may enter and be classed
any day during the week preceding. Ample ac-
commodations, with a large and able Faculty, for
three hundred scholars.
For particulars apply to
JAS. M. HOCKER, Proprietor, or
ROBERT GRAHAM, President,
July twaw

MAYSVILLE
FEMALE INSTITUTE.
The next session of this Institution will commence
on the
First Monday in September.
For further information, address the Principal,
Miss J. R. PARKER,
Maysville, Ky., August 9th, twaw

Hardware.
TO MERCHANTS AND CONSUM-
ERS.
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
SADDLERY,
DOUBLE AND SINGLE SHOT GUNS,
AMMUNITION, (all kinds.)
Rifles and Pistols
Our stock of
COACH TRIMMINGS, COACH WOOD-
WORK, SPRINGS AND AXLES,
AND SADDLERY,
is now full and complete. We invite any persons
wanting any goods in the above lines to give us a
call and examine goods and prices. We are de-
termined to sell goods as low as any house in the West.
OWENS & BARKLEY.
TERMS CASH.

TO MERCHANTS.
BOOTS, SHOES, AND HATS.
(Direct from the Factories.)
We have just been receiving the
LARGEST STOCK
of Boots, Shoes and Hats, ever before in this mar-
ket. All our goods are from the VERY BEST
NEW ENGLAND FACTORIES.
Coburn & Claffin's best Boots.
Allen & Flogg's Boots & Brogans.
Batholme's Boots and Brogans.
Loring's Boots and Brogans.
A. J. White's celebrated Women's and Children's
Shoes.
Francis Dane's celebrated Women's and Child-
ren's Shoes and Brogans.
Boyd & Corey's celebrated Women's and Child-
ren's Shoes.
John Hart & Co.'s celebrated Women's and Child-
ren's Shoes.
Kimball's celebrated Women's and Misses' Shoes
And all other A 1 brands of calf, kip and morocco
shoes.
Hats.
Our Hat stock is large, comprising Fur, Brush,
and Men's and Boys' Wool Hats, made to order.
OWENS & BARKLEY.
TERMS CASH.
Stoves and Tinware.
NEW STOVE AND TIN STORE
HUGH POWER,
(Successor to Power & Spalding.)
SECOND ST., SOUTH SIDE, MAYSVILLE.
Would respectfully call the attention of the public to
the variety and styles of stoves which he now
offers for sale, in this market, of the most modern
improvement, for wood or coal, combining all the
qualities, making them first class stoves, in beauty
of design, economy of fuel, and quickness of opera-
tion.
These stoves, which comprise a great variety in
design, size and price, have been selected from the
best stove markets in the country, and will warrant
the highest recommendations to meet the wants of
the public.
HIS FINE PARLOR AND JAMB GRATES
Have been selected with great care, and for variety,
economy of design and beauty of finish, cannot be
surpassed.
I also have a fine assortment of fine Japanese
ware, toilet sets, brass kettles, cream freezers, &c.,
&c.
I will manufacture and keep constantly on hand
good assortment of
TIN WARE.
And am prepared to offer to the trade such induc-
ements as cannot fail to be satisfactory. Particular
attention paid to
Roofing,
Guttering,
Spouting, and
General Job-work.
All work done by me warranted to give satis-
faction. The highest price paid for old copper,
brass and iron.
HUGH POWER.
Jan twaw

N. COOPER,
No. 21 & 23, SECOND ST., Opposite Court
I have determined to sell out my large stock of
COOKING STOVES,
TIN, WOODEN & STONEWARES,
FRUIT JARS, ICE CHESTS,
Water Coolers, Cream Freezers, &c.
At Prices barely to COVER COST.
Now is the time to buy CHEAPER than ever
was sold in this market.
Cigars and Cigars.
GOLD! GOLD! GOLD!!!
CAN BE MADE
BY
PURCHASING YOUR
CIGARS & TOBACCO
OF
N. SHAFFER.
MARKET STREET,
MAYSVILLE, KY.
Feb 1 twaw

China, Glass, & Queensware.
BARGAINS
—IN—
CHINA,
GLASSWARE, &c.

Having a lot of goods of which we wish to dispose
and desiring to accommodate those who wish to buy
at the lowest rates, we have opened

CHEAP TABLES,
The articles on which will be sold at
Astonishing Low Prices.
WE CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUR
China Tea Sets!
Of which we have a large number, and which we are
determined to sell!

REGARDLESS OF COST.
BETTER BARGAINS
Can be had of us than at any other house in the
city.

COME AND SEE!
CALL AND BUY.
G. A. F. J. E. MCARTHEY, Jan 17
Maysville, Ky., Feb. 15, 1897.

Planing Mill.
M. J. CHASE.
(Of the late firm of Manker, Chase & Co., of Ripley,
Ohio.)
E. DIERHITZ. **H. H. COLLINS.**

KENTUCKY
PLANING AND FLOORING MILL,
DOORS, SASH AND BLIND
FACTORY.
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS
—OF—
BUILDING MATERIAL,
SHINGLES, FENCE POSTS,
PALINGS,
LATH,
MOULDINGS,
Pine and Poplar Lumber,
PLANED AND ROUGH,
Corner 2nd & Poplar Sts., (5th Ward,
MAYSVILLE, KY.

GOOD DRY, PLANED FLOORING at \$3.50 per Hun-
dred.
July 15 twaw

W. W. MANKER. **W. E. CAMPBELL.** **J. BENNINGTON.**
W. L. MOCKBEE. **C. BAIRD.** **E. N. BELL.**

Manker, Mockbee & Co.,
CHAMPION
SAW AND PLANING MILL,
DOORS, SASH AND BLIND FACTORY.
TOBACCO HOGSHEADS MADE TO ORDER.
RIPLEY, OHIO.
June twaw

DEALERS IN PINE AND POPLAR LUMBER,
SHINGLES, LATH, &c.
Tailoring.
LOUIS STINE,
MERCHANT TAILOR
—AND—
GENTS FURNISHER,
No. 44, east Second street, north side,
MAYSVILLE, KY.
respectfully informs his friends and the public gen-
erally that he is in receipt of all
SEASONABLE GOODS IN HIS LINE,
WHICH WILL BE MADE UP TO ORDER
ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
Keeps a full assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
which will be sold as cheap as can be bought in this
market.
July twaw

Boots and Shoes
BALL & TAYLOR.
Having bought out Mr. B. A. Wallingford, we will
continue the
BOOTS & SHOE BUSINESS
at his old stand. We will keep our stock supplied at
all times with
NEW AND
DESIRABLE GOODS!
We will continue the manufacturing of
LADIES' AND MENS'
BOOTS & SHOES
TO ORDER, BY
EXPERIENCED AND
COMPETENT WORKMEN.
BALL & TAYLOR.
May twaw

Marble Works
MAYSVILLE MARBLE WORKS
H. GILMORE,
Second street,
MAYSVILLE, KENTUCKY.
Orders from the country solicited. Persons desir-
ing work, by communicating the same, will be
promptly waited upon.
Jan twaw

Dry Goods &c.
NEW GOODS.

NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW SHAWLS,
NEW SHAWLS,
NEW SHAWLS

NEW HOSIERY,
NEW HOSIERY,
NEW HOSIERY,
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